1/1509.80	Deaths in Canada.	RATE PER 10,000 LIVING.	
		Canada.	England.
Small-pox	12	0.02	0.62
Small-pox Measles	794	1.65	4.01
Scarlet lever	040	1 14	5.29
Diphtheria	3,536	7.36	3.05
Whooping cough.	$756 \\ 1,592$	${1 \over 57} {3 \over 52}$	$4^{\cdot}67$ 2 $^{\cdot}70$
Diarrhœa	4,021	3 52 8 37	7.33
Deaths and death rate from the 7 chief infectious	1,021	0.01	1.00
diseases		$23 \ 43$	27.72

201. Taking the seven chief infectious diseases in the zymotic division we have the following table :---

202. In deaths from phthisis Canada had a lower rate than England, which had 1,681 per million living against Canada's 1,550 per million. Our death rate from pulmonary consumption is higher than that of the Australasian Colonies.

In Canada phthisis is more fatal to women than to men, there being 131 deaths of men to the 100,000 living of the sex, against 180 deaths of females to the 100,000 living of that sex. In England there were 150 male deaths and 187 female deaths to the 100,000 living of the corresponding sex. It will be noted that the death rate from phthisis among women in Canada approximates to that among women in England ; the general lower rate in Canada as compared with England being chiefly due to the lower death rate among men. In the case of the women of Canada the deaths are 8 less in the 100,000 than in the case of their sisters in England, while in the case of males the deaths in Canada are 19 less in the 100,000 than in England.

203. By provinces the deaths from phthisis per 10,000 of the living were as under :--

Province.	Males.	Females.
British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island Quebec. North-west Territories.	$15.7 \\ 10.8 \\ 17.0 \\ 19.6 \\ 10.7 \\ 16.2 \\ 14.2 \\ 7.2$	$ \begin{array}{c} 19.6\\ 13.9\\ 19.6\\ 27.7\\ 12.8\\ 21.2\\ 22.8\\ 8.2\\ \end{array} $